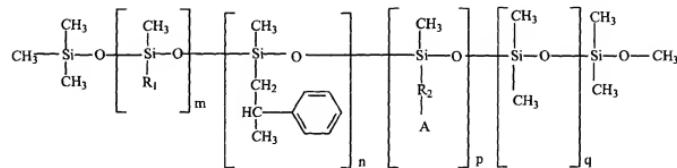


ABSTRACT

A receiver element for thermal dye transfer, a print assembly including the receiver element, and a method of printing are described wherein the receiver element includes a dye image-receiving layer and a stick preventative agent of the formula:



wherein R<sub>1</sub> is an alkyl chain of C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>19</sub> or greater, R<sub>2</sub> is an alkyl chain of C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>6</sub> or greater, A is NH-R<sub>3</sub>, NHNH<sub>2</sub>, or NHCO-R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> is an alkyl chain of C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> or greater, m is from about 0 to 95 weight percent, n is from about 0 to about 70 weight percent, and p is from 0 to about 40 weight percent, q is from 0 to 95 weight percent, with the proviso that when m is 0, then n is 0, and R<sub>3</sub> is an alkyl chain of C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>17</sub> or greater, otherwise when m is greater than 0, n is from 0.1 to 70 weight percent, based on the total weight of the stick preventative agent. The use of the stick preventative agent enables high-speed printing with reduced or no donor-receiver sticking.